

# Bolzano's Theorem

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Let  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function. Suppose  $a_1 < b_1 \in (a, b)$  with  $f(a_1) \times f(b_1) < 0$ ,

then  $\exists t \in (a, b)$  such that  $f(t) = 0$ .

Proof: WLOG assume  $a_1 < b_1$  and  $f(a_1) < 0, f(b_1) > 0$

Let  $E = \{x \in [a_1, b_1]: f(x) \leq 0\}$

$\because a_1 \in E \quad \therefore E \neq \emptyset$

$\forall x \in E, x \leq b_1 \quad \therefore E$  is bounded above.

$\therefore \sup E$  exists.

Let  $t = \sup E$ , the least upper bound of  $E$ .

claim 1  $t \neq b_1$

If  $t = b_1$ , then since  $f(b_1) > 0, \exists \delta > 0$  such that  $\forall x \in (b_1 - \delta, b_1] \Rightarrow f(x) > 0$

In particular, let  $x = b_1 - \frac{\delta}{2} \in (b_1 - \delta, b_1]$ , then  $f(x) > 0$  and  $x < t$

$\therefore x$  is an upper bound for  $E$ , contradict that  $t$  is the least upper bound.

claim 2  $t < b_1$

claim 2.1 If  $f(t) > 0$ , then we shall prove that there is a contradiction.

$\exists \delta > 0$  s.t.  $\forall x \in (t - \delta, t + \delta) \subset (a_1, b_1) \Rightarrow f(x) > 0$

In particular, let  $x = t - \frac{\delta}{2} \in (t - \delta, t + \delta)$ , then  $f(x) > 0$  and  $x < t$

$\therefore x$  is an upper bound for  $E$ , contradict that  $t$  is the least upper bound.

claim 2.2 If  $f(t) < 0$ , then we shall prove that there is a contradiction.

claim 2.2.1  $t \neq a_1$

If  $t = a_1, \exists \delta > 0$  s.t.  $\forall x \in [a_1, a_1 + \delta) \Rightarrow f(x) < 0$

In particular, let  $x = a_1 + \frac{\delta}{2}$ , then  $f(x) < 0$

but  $t < x, \therefore t$  is not an upper bound, contradiction.

case 2.2.2  $a_1 < t$

$\exists \delta > 0$  s.t.  $\forall x \in (t - \delta, t + \delta) \subset (a_1, b_1) \Rightarrow f(x) < 0$

In particular, let  $x = t + \frac{\delta}{2} \in (t - \delta, t + \delta)$ , then  $f(x) < 0$

but  $t < x \therefore$  same contradiction.

Therefore claim 2.2 is proved.

From claim 2.1 and claim 2.2, it is impossible to have  $f(t) > 0$  or  $f(t) < 0$ ; therefore,  $f(t) = 0$ , where  $t = \sup E$ , the least upper bound of  $E$ .